



	78B-6-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 137 and renumbered and
a	mended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
	78B-6-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 359
	78B-6-110.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 417
	78B-6-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 359
	78B-6-128, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 110 and 280
В	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 76-7-203 is amended to read:
	76-7-203. Sale of child Felony Payment of adoption related expenses.
	(1) For purposes of this section:
	(a) "Adoption related expenses" means expenses that:
	(i) are reasonably related to the adoption of a child;
	(ii) are incurred for a reasonable amount; and
	(iii) may include expenses:
	(A) of the mother or father of the child being adopted, including:
	(I) legal expenses;
	(II) maternity expenses;
	(III) medical expenses;
	(IV) hospital expenses;
	(V) counseling expenses;
	(VI) temporary living expenses during the pregnancy [or confinement] of the mother
<u>f</u> (or up to eight weeks after the day on which the mother delivers the child; or
	(VII) expenses for travel between the mother's or father's home and the location where
tŀ	ne child will be born or placed for adoption;
	(B) of a directly affected person for:
	(I) travel between the directly affected person's home and the location where the child
W	vill be born or placed for adoption; or
	(II) temporary living expenses during the pregnancy or confinement of the mother; or
	(C) other than those included in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A) or (B), that are not made for
tŀ	ne purpose of inducing the mother, parent, or legal guardian of a child to:

57	(1) place the child for adoption;
58	(II) consent to an adoption; or
59	(III) cooperate in the completion of an adoption.
60	(b) "Directly affected person" means a person who is:
61	(i) a parent or guardian of a minor when the minor is the mother or father of the child
62	being adopted;
63	(ii) a [dependent] dependent of:
64	(A) the mother or father of the child being adopted; or
65	(B) the parent or guardian described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or
66	(iii) the spouse or partner of the mother or father of the child being adopted.
67	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a person is guilty of a third degree felony if
68	the person:
69	(a) while having custody, care, control, or possession of a child, sells, or disposes of
70	the child, or attempts or offers to sell or dispose of the child, for and in consideration of the
71	payment of money or another thing of value; or
72	(b) offers, gives, or attempts to give money or another thing of value to a person, with
73	the intent to induce or encourage a person to violate Subsection (2)(a).
74	(3) A person does not violate this section by paying or receiving payment for adoption
75	related expenses, if:
76	(a) the expenses are paid as an act of charity; and
77	(b) the payment is not made for the purpose of inducing the mother, parent, or legal
78	guardian of a child to:
79	(i) place the child for adoption;
80	(ii) consent to an adoption; or
81	(iii) cooperate in the completion of an adoption.
82	Section 2. Section 78B-6-107 is amended to read:
83	78B-6-107. Compliance with the Interstate Compact on Placement of Children
84	Compliance with the Indian Child Welfare Act.
85	(1) (a) [In] Subject to Subsection (1)(b), in any adoption proceeding the petition for
86	adoption shall state whether the child was born in another state and, if so, both the petition and
87	the court's final decree of adoption shall state that the requirements of Title 62A, Chapter 4a,

88	Part 7, Interstate Compact on Placement of Children, have been complied with.
89	(b) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply if the prospective adoptive parent is not required
90	to complete a preplacement adoptive evaluation under Section 78B-6-128.
91	(2) In any adoption proceeding involving an "Indian child," as defined in 25 U.S.C.
92	Sec. 1903, a child-placing agency and the petitioners shall comply with the Indian Child
93	Welfare Act, Title 25, Chapter 21, of the United States Code.
94	Section 3. Section 78B-6-110 is amended to read:
95	78B-6-110. Notice of adoption proceedings.
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96	(1) (a) An unmarried biological father, by virtue of the fact that he has engaged in a
97	sexual relationship with a woman:
98	(i) is considered to be on notice that a pregnancy and an adoption proceeding regarding
99	the child may occur; and
100	(ii) has a duty to protect his own rights and interests.
101	(b) An unmarried biological father is entitled to actual notice of a birth or an adoption
102	proceeding with regard to his child only as provided in this section or Section 78B-6-110.5.
103	(2) Notice of an adoption proceeding shall be served on each of the following persons:
104	(a) any person or agency whose consent or relinquishment is required under Section
105	78B-6-120 or 78B-6-121, unless that right has been terminated by:
106	(i) waiver;
107	(ii) relinquishment;
108	[(iii) actual consent, as described in Subsection (12); or]
109	(iii) actual or implied consent; or
110	(iv) judicial action;
111	(b) any person who has initiated a paternity proceeding and filed notice of that action
112	with the state registrar of vital statistics within the Department of Health, in accordance with
113	Subsection (3);
114	(c) any legally appointed custodian or guardian of the adoptee;
115	(d) the petitioner's spouse, if any, only if the petitioner's spouse has not joined in the
116	petition;
117	(e) the adoptee's spouse, if any;
118	(f) any person who, prior to the time the mother executes her consent for adoption or

119	relinquishes the child for adoption, is recorded on the birth certificate as the child's father, with
120	the knowledge and consent of the mother;
121	(g) a person who is:
122	(i) openly living in the same household with the child at the time the consent is
123	executed or relinquishment made; and
124	(ii) holding himself out to be the child's father; and
125	(h) any person who is married to the child's mother at the time she executes her consent
126	to the adoption or relinquishes the child for adoption, unless the court finds that the mother's
127	spouse is not the child's father under Section 78B-15-607.
128	(3) (a) In order to preserve any right to notice, an unmarried biological father shall,
129	consistent with Subsection (3)(d):
130	(i) initiate proceedings in a district court of Utah to establish paternity under Title 78B,
131	Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act; and
132	(ii) file a notice of commencement of the proceedings described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)
133	with the office of vital statistics within the Department of Health.
134	(b) If the unmarried, biological father does not know the county in which the birth
135	mother resides, he may initiate his action in any county, subject to a change in trial pursuant to
136	Section 78B-3-307.
137	(c) The Department of Health shall provide forms for the purpose of filing the notice
138	described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), and make those forms available in the office of the county
139	health department in each county.
140	(d) When the state registrar of vital statistics receives a completed form, the registrar
141	shall:
142	(i) record the date and time the form was received; and
143	(ii) immediately enter the information provided by the unmarried biological father in
144	the confidential registry established by Subsection 78B-6-121(3)(c).
145	(e) The action and notice described in Subsection (3)(a):
146	(i) may be filed before or after the child's birth; and
147	(ii) shall be filed prior to the mother's:
148	(A) execution of consent to adoption of the child; or

(B) relinquishment of the child for adoption.

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- 150 (4) Notice provided in accordance with this section need not disclose the name of the 151 mother of the child who is the subject of an adoption proceeding. 152 (5) The notice required by this section: 153 (a) may be served at any time after the petition for adoption is filed, but may not be served on a birth mother before she has given birth to the child who is the subject of the 154 155 petition for adoption; 156 (b) shall be served at least 30 days prior to the final dispositional hearing; 157 (c) shall specifically state that the person served shall fulfill the requirements of 158 Subsection (6)(a) within 30 days after the day on which the person receives service if the 159 person intends to intervene in or contest the adoption; 160 (d) shall state the consequences, described in Subsection (6)(b), for failure of a person 161 to file a motion for relief within 30 days after the day on which the person is served with notice 162 of an adoption proceeding: 163 (e) is not required to include, nor be accompanied by, a summons or a copy of the 164 petition for adoption; 165 (f) shall state where the person may obtain a copy of the petition for adoption; and 166 (g) shall indicate the right to the appointment of counsel for a party whom the court 167 determines is indigent and at risk of losing the party's parental rights. 168 (6) (a) A person who has been served with notice of an adoption proceeding and who 169 wishes to contest the adoption shall file a motion to intervene in the adoption proceeding: 170 (i) within 30 days after the day on which the person was served with notice of the 171 adoption proceeding; 172 (ii) setting forth specific relief sought; and 173 (iii) accompanied by a memorandum specifying the factual and legal grounds upon 174 which the motion is based. 175 (b) A person who fails to fully and strictly comply with all of the requirements 176 described in Subsection (6)(a) within 30 days after the day on which the person was served 177 with notice of the adoption proceeding:
 - (i) waives any right to further notice in connection with the adoption;
 - (ii) forfeits all rights in relation to the adoptee; and

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(iii) is barred from thereafter bringing or maintaining any action to assert any interest in

the adoptee.

- (7) Service of notice under this section shall be made as follows:
- (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(e), service on a person whose consent is necessary under Section 78B-6-120 or 78B-6-121 shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
 - (ii) If service of a person described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is by publication, the court shall designate the content of the notice regarding the identity of the parties.
 - (iii) The notice described in this Subsection (7)(a) may not include the name of a person seeking to adopt the adoptee.
 - (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b)(ii) to any other person for whom notice is required under this section, service by certified mail, return receipt requested, is sufficient.
 - (ii) If the service described in Subsection (7)(b)(i) cannot be completed after two attempts, the court may issue an order providing for service by publication, posting, or by any other manner of service.
 - (c) Notice to a person who has initiated a paternity proceeding and filed notice of that action with the state registrar of vital statistics in the Department of Health in accordance with the requirements of Subsection (3), shall be served by certified mail, return receipt requested, at the last address filed with the registrar.
 - (8) The notice required by this section may be waived in writing by the person entitled to receive notice.
 - (9) Proof of service of notice on all persons for whom notice is required by this section shall be filed with the court before the final dispositional hearing on the adoption.
 - (10) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, neither the notice of an adoption proceeding nor any process in that proceeding is required to contain the name of the person or persons seeking to adopt the adoptee.
 - (11) Except as to those persons whose consent to an adoption is required under Section 78B-6-120 or 78B-6-121, the sole purpose of notice under this section is to enable the person served to:
 - (a) intervene in the adoption; and
 - (b) present evidence to the court relevant to the best interest of the child.
- 211 [(12) In order to be excused from the requirement to provide notice as described in

212	Subsection (2)(a) on the grounds that the person has provided consent to the adoption
213	proceeding under Subsection (2)(a)(iii), the consent may not be implied consent, as described
214	in Section 78B-6-120.1.]

Section 4. Section **78B-6-110.5** is amended to read:

78B-6-110.5. Out-of-state birth mothers and adoptive parents -- Declaration regarding potential birth fathers.

The procedural and substantive requirements of this section shall be required only to the extent that they do not exceed the requirements of the state of conception or the birth mother's state of residence.

- (1) (a) For a child who is six months of age or less at the time the child is placed with prospective adoptive parents, the birth mother shall sign, and the adoptive parents shall file with the court, a declaration regarding each potential birth father, in accordance with this section, before or at the time a petition for adoption is filed with the court, if, at any point during the time period beginning at the conception of the child and ending at the time the mother executes consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child for adoption, neither the birth mother nor at least one of the adoptive parents has resided in the state for 90 total days or more, as described in Subsection (1)(c).
- (b) The child-placing agency or prospective adoptive parents shall search the putative father registry of each state where the birth mother believes the child may have been conceived and each state where the birth mother lived during her pregnancy, if the state has a putative father registry, to determine whether a potential birth father registered with the state's putative father registry.
 - (c) In determining whether the 90-day requirement is satisfied, the following apply:
 - (i) the 90 days are not required to be consecutive;
 - (ii) no absence from the state may be for more than seven consecutive days;
- (iii) any day on which the individual is absent from the state does not count toward the total 90-day period; and
- (iv) the 90-day period begins and ends during a period that is no more than 120 consecutive days.
- (2) The declaration filed under Subsection (1) regarding a potential birth father shall include, for each potential birth father, the following information:

243 (a) if known, the potential birth father's name, date of birth, social security number, and 244 address: 245 (b) with regard to a state's putative father registry in each state described in Subsection 246 (1)(b): 247 (i) whether the state has a putative father registry; and 248 (ii) for each state that has a putative father registry, with the declaration, a certificate or 249 written statement from the state's putative father registry that a search of the state's putative 250 father registry was made and disclosing the results of the search: 251 (c) whether the potential birth father was notified of: 252 (i) the birth mother's pregnancy; 253 (ii) the fact that he is a potential birth father; or 254 (iii) the fact that the birth mother intends to consent to adoption or relinquishment of 255 the child for adoption, in Utah: (d) each state where the birth mother lived during the pregnancy; 256 257 (e) if known, the state in which the child was conceived; 258 (f) whether the birth mother informed the potential birth father that she was traveling to 259 or planning to reside in Utah; 260 (g) whether the birth mother has contacted the potential birth father while she was 261 located in Utah; (h) whether, and for how long, the potential birth father has ever lived with the child; 262 (i) whether the potential birth father has given the birth mother money or offered to pay 263 264 for any of her expenses during pregnancy or the child's birth; 265 (i) whether the potential birth father has offered to pay child support; 266 (k) if known, whether the potential birth father has taken any legal action to establish 267 paternity of the child, either in Utah or in any other state, and, if known, what action he has 268 taken; and (1) whether the birth mother has ever been involved in a domestic violence matter with 269 270 the potential birth father. 271 (3) Except as provided in Subsection (5), based on the declaration regarding the 272 potential birth father, the court shall order the birth mother to serve a potential birth father 273 notice that she intends to consent or has consented to adoption or relinquishment of the child

2/4	for adoption, if the court finds that the potential birth father:
275	(a) has taken sufficient action to demonstrate an interest in the child;
276	(b) has taken sufficient action to attempt to preserve his legal rights as a birth father,
277	including by filing a legal action to establish paternity or filing with a state's putative father
278	registry; or
279	(c) does not know, and does not have a reason to know, that:
280	(i) the mother or child are present in Utah;
281	(ii) the mother intended to give birth to the child in Utah;
282	(iii) the child was born in Utah; or
283	(iv) the mother intends to consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child for
284	adoption in Utah.
285	(4) Notice under this section shall be made in accordance with Subsections
286	78B-6-110(7) through [(12)] <u>(11)</u> .
287	(5) A court may only order the notice requirements in Subsection (3) to the extent that
288	they do not exceed the notice requirements of:
289	(a) the state of conception; or
290	(b) the birth mother's state of residence.
291	Section 5. Section 78B-6-112 is amended to read:
292	78B-6-112. District court jurisdiction over termination of parental rights
293	proceedings.
294	(1) A district court has jurisdiction to terminate parental rights in a child if the party
295	who filed the petition is seeking to terminate parental rights in the child for the purpose of
296	facilitating the adoption of the child.
297	(2) A petition to terminate parental rights under this section may be:
298	(a) joined with a proceeding on an adoption petition; or
299	(b) filed as a separate proceeding before or after a petition to adopt the child is filed.
300	(3) A court may enter a final order terminating parental rights before a final decree of
301	adoption is entered.
302	(4) (a) Nothing in this section limits the jurisdiction of a juvenile court relating to
303	proceedings to terminate parental rights as described in Section 78A-6-103.
304	(b) This section does not grant jurisdiction to a district court to terminate parental

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305 rights in a child if the child is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court in a pending abuse, 306 neglect, dependency, or termination of parental rights proceeding. 307 (5) The district court may terminate an individual's parental rights in a child if: 308 (a) the individual executes a voluntary consent to adoption, or relinquishment for 309 adoption, of the child, in accordance with: 310 (i) the requirements of this chapter; or (ii) the laws of another state or country, if the consent is valid and irrevocable; 311 312 (b) the individual is an unmarried biological father who is not entitled to consent to 313 adoption, or relinquishment for adoption, under Section 78B-6-120 or 78B-6-121; 314 (c) the individual: 315 (i) received notice of the adoption proceeding relating to the child under Section 316 78B-6-110; and 317 (ii) failed to file a motion for relief, under Subsection 78B-6-110(6), within 30 days 318 after the day on which the individual was served with notice of the adoption proceeding; 319 (d) the court finds, under Section 78B-15-607, that the individual is not a parent of the 320 child; or 321 (e) the individual's parental rights are terminated on grounds described in Title 78A, 322 Chapter 6, Part 5, Termination of Parental Rights Act, if terminating the person's parental 323 rights is in the best interests of the child. 324 (6) The court shall appoint counsel designated by the county where the petition is filed 325 to represent a party who faces any action initiated by a private party under Title 78A, Chapter 6, Part 5, Termination of Parental Rights Act or whose parental rights are subject to 326 327 termination under this section, if: 328 (a) the court determines that the party is indigent under Section 77-32-202; and 329 (b) the party does not, after being fully advised of the right to counsel, knowingly, 330 intelligently and voluntarily waive the right to counsel. 331 (7) If a county incurs expenses in providing defense services to indigent individuals 332 facing any action initiated by a private party under Title 78A, Chapter 6, Part 5, Termination of 333 Parental Rights Act or termination of parental rights under this section, the county may apply

for a grant for reimbursement from the Utah Indigent Defense Commission under Section

(8) A petition filed under this section is subject to the procedural requirements of this chapter.

Section 6. Section **78B-6-128** is amended to read:

78B-6-128. Preplacement adoptive evaluations -- Exceptions.

- (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a child may not be placed in an adoptive home until a preplacement adoptive evaluation, assessing the prospective adoptive parent and the prospective adoptive home, has been conducted in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- (b) Except as provided in Section 78B-6-131, the court may, at any time, authorize temporary placement of a child in a prospective adoptive home pending completion of a preplacement adoptive evaluation described in this section.
- (c) (i) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply if a pre-existing parent has legal custody of the child to be adopted and the prospective adoptive parent is related to that child or the pre-existing parent as a stepparent, sibling by half or whole blood or by adoption, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin, unless the court otherwise requests the preplacement adoption.
- (ii) The prospective adoptive parent described in this Subsection (1)(c) shall obtain the information described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b), and file that documentation with the court prior to finalization of the adoption.
- (d) (i) The preplacement adoptive evaluation shall be completed or updated within the 12-month period immediately preceding the placement of a child with the prospective adoptive parent.
- (ii) If the prospective adoptive parent has previously received custody of a child for the purpose of adoption, the preplacement adoptive evaluation shall be completed or updated within the 12-month period immediately preceding the placement of a child with the prospective adoptive parent and after the placement of the previous child with the prospective adoptive parent.
 - (2) The preplacement adoptive evaluation shall include:
- (a) a criminal history background check regarding each prospective adoptive parent and any other adult living in the prospective home, prepared no earlier than 18 months immediately preceding placement of the child in accordance with the following:
 - (i) if the child is in state custody, each prospective adoptive parent and any other adult

living in the prospective home shall submit fingerprints to the Department of Human Services, which shall perform a criminal history background check in accordance with Section 62A-2-120; or

- (ii) subject to Subsection (3), if the child is not in state custody, an adoption service provider or an attorney representing a prospective adoptive parent shall submit fingerprints from the prospective adoptive parent and any other adult living in the prospective home to the Criminal and Technical Services Division of Public Safety for a regional [and] or nationwide background check, [or] to the Office of Licensing within the Department of Human Services for a background check in accordance with 62A-2-120, or to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- (b) a report containing all information regarding reports and investigations of child abuse, neglect, and dependency, with respect to each prospective adoptive parent and any other adult living in the prospective home, obtained no earlier than 18 months immediately preceding the day on which the child is placed in the prospective home, pursuant to waivers executed by each prospective adoptive parent and any other adult living in the prospective home, that:
- (i) if the prospective adoptive parent or the adult living in the prospective adoptive parent's home is a resident of Utah, is prepared by the Department of Human Services from the records of the Department of Human Services; or
- (ii) if the prospective adoptive parent or the adult living in the prospective adoptive parent's home is not a resident of Utah, prepared by the Department of Human Services, or a similar agency in another state, district, or territory of the United States, where each prospective adoptive parent and any other adult living in the prospective home resided in the five years immediately preceding the day on which the child is placed in the prospective adoptive home;
- (c) in accordance with Subsection (6), a home study conducted by an adoption service provider that is:
 - (i) an expert in family relations approved by the court;
 - (ii) a certified social worker;
- (iii) a clinical social worker;
- 396 (iv) a marriage and family therapist;
- 397 (v) a psychologist;

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under Subsection (2)(c).

- 398 (vi) a social service worker, if supervised by a certified or clinical social worker; 399 (vii) a clinical mental health counselor; or 400 (viii) an Office of Licensing employee within the Department of Human Services who 401 is trained to perform a home study; and 402 (d) in accordance with Subsection (7), if the child to be adopted is a child who is in the 403 custody of any public child welfare agency, and is a child who has a special need as defined in 404 Section 62A-4a-902, the preplacement adoptive evaluation shall be conducted by the 405 Department of Human Services or a child-placing agency that has entered into a contract with 406 the department to conduct the preplacement adoptive evaluations for children with special 407 needs. 408 (3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(ii), subject to Subsection (4), the criminal history 409 background check described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) shall be submitted in a manner acceptable 410 to the court that will: 411 (a) preserve the chain of custody of the results; and 412 (b) not permit tampering with the results by a prospective adoptive parent or other 413 interested party. 414 (4) In order to comply with Subsection (3), the manner in which the criminal history 415 background check is submitted shall be approved by the court. 416 (5) Except as provided in Subsection 78B-6-131(2), in addition to the other 417 requirements of this section, before a child in state custody is placed with a prospective foster 418 parent or a prospective adoptive parent, the Department of Human Services shall comply with 419 Section 78B-6-131. 420 (6) (a) An individual described in Subsections (2)(c)(i) through (vii) shall be licensed to 421 practice under the laws of: 422 (i) this state; or 423 (ii) the state, district, or territory of the United States where the prospective adoptive 424 parent or other person living in the prospective adoptive home resides.
 - (c) The home study described in Subsection (2)(c) shall be a written document that

may proscribe who qualifies as an expert in family relations or who may conduct a home study

(b) Neither the Department of Human Services nor any of the department's divisions

429 contains the following:

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- (i) a recommendation to the court regarding the suitability of the prospective adoptive parent for placement of a child;
- (ii) a description of in-person interviews with the prospective adoptive parent, the prospective adoptive parent's children, and other individuals living in the home;
- (iii) a description of character and suitability references from at least two individuals who are not related to the prospective adoptive parent and with at least one individual who is related to the prospective adoptive parent;
- (iv) a medical history and a doctor's report, based upon a doctor's physical examination of the prospective adoptive parent, made within two years before the date of the application; and
- (v) a description of an inspection of the home to determine whether sufficient space and facilities exist to meet the needs of the child and whether basic health and safety standards are maintained.
- (7) Any fee assessed by the evaluating agency described in Subsection (2)(d) is the responsibility of the adopting parent.
- (8) The person conducting the preplacement adoptive evaluation shall, in connection with the preplacement adoptive evaluation, provide the prospective adoptive parent with literature approved by the Division of Child and Family Services relating to adoption, including information relating to:
 - (a) the adoption process;
 - (b) developmental issues that may require early intervention; and
- 451 (c) community resources that are available to the prospective adoptive parent.
- 452 (9) A copy of the preplacement adoptive evaluation shall be filed with the court.